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## The UCLA-Community Breast Cancer Collaborative Clinical Translational Research Program

DAMD17-01-1-0180

## **Progress Report**

Introduction Breast cancer remains a serious disease in the United States. Recently, advances in molecular and cell biology have identified specific targets and strategies for the treatment and prevention of breast cancer. The rapid translation of these advances into clinical trials is imperative for three reasons. First, some of these strategies will be effective in decreasing the incidence, morbidity, or mortality of breast cancer. The more rapidly women enter the clinic, the more they will benefit. Second, patients with breast cancer desire and deserve access to these novel treatments, particularly when standard approaches have been exhausted. Finally, clinical trials provide information that compliments basic research and advances the understanding of the disease. The majority of patients with breast cancer are cared for in the community. Although many community physicians are committed to advancing the field, the infrastructure to support translational trials of novel treatment or prevention strategies does not exist in the community setting. Moreover, few academic cancer centers have forged meaningful partnerships with consortia of community physicians to provide them with the laboratory interface and statistical and regulatory support required for good translational clinical research.

**Objective** Our hypothesis has been that four elements are required to exploit the opportunities provided by recent advances: (1) the development of consortia of community physicians committed to the study of novel approaches to the treatment and prevention of breast cancer; (2) the provision of an infrastructure composed of clinical trials personnel; (3) the involvement of an academic center committed to community-based research and possessed of expertise in basic research, statistics, data management, and regulatory support; and (4) partnerships with pharmaceutical companies involved in the discovery and manufacture of novel agents. Since the initiation of this infrastructure award, we have continued to expand on our previous success in the UCLA-Community Oncology Research Network (UCLA-CORN) through: 1) the recruitment of additional research sites,

increasing access for women from underserved populations, 2) the initiation of translational research protocols relevant to the breast cancer problem and 3) an overall increase in accrual to breast cancer research protocols in the UCLA-CORN.

**Specific Aims** Our specific aims have included: 1) To build upon a pre-exusting network of community physicians committed to clinical research; (2) to provide them with an infrastructure specifically devoted to translational research in breast cancer; (3) to make these studies of novel treatment and prevention strategies available to an ethnically diverse population; and (4) to increase the number of new strategies tested and the accessibility of these studies to women in our region.

To approach these goals, we have utilized this infrastructure award to build upon the UCLA-CORN through the addition of practices that include a large proportion of African American, Hispanic, Asian, and Pacific Islander patients. We have recruited, trained and employed support research staff specifically focused on accrual to new studies of novel therapeutic and prevention strategies for breast cancer. This enhanced network remains centered in the UCLA Comprehensive Cancer Center, which continues to provide statistical and regulatory support, as well as a basic science interface that works with the pharmaceutical industry to provide novel agents for translation.

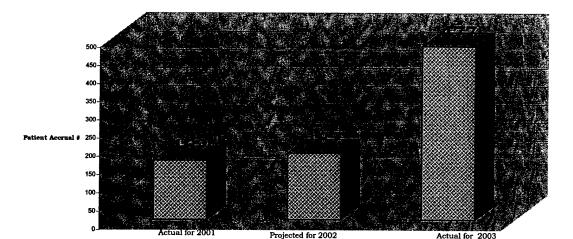
Five studies were proposed for the initial year of this infrastructure program, including: (1) combined biological antiangiogenesis therapy; (2) combined antiangiogenesis and cytotoxic therapy; (3) epidermal growth factor receptor blockade; (4) farnesyl-transferase inhibitor therapy; and (5) risk reduction utilizing a low fat, fish oil supplemented diet with measurement of relevant intermediate markers. One of these studies, that involving the farnesyl-transferase inhibitor strategy, has not yet been started. The remaining four have been opened to accrual, and one, the fish oil/prevention trial, has completed accrual.

**Relevance** The program has already supported the testing of four additional novel strategies for the prevention or treatment of breast cancer. We expect this rate to remain relatively constant, and to achieve our initial target of testing several new strategies per year for three years. The testing will continue to involve a representative cross-section of women in the United States. Given the promise inherent in advances in our understanding of the pathogenesis of this disease, rapid clinical translation is likely to decrease the morbidity and mortality associated with this disease by providing better options than currently exist for prevention and treatment.

**<u>Progress</u>** Since the initiation of this award, we have added six additional network sites:

- Anchorade, Alaska
- Honolulu, Hawaii
- Peoria, Illinois
- Porterville, California (a rural California agricultural community)
- Orlando, Florida
- East Los Angeles (Drew/King Medical Center), California

Four of these sites are chosen to increase access to under-represented populations including: African Americans (Drew/King), Hispanics (Drew/King, Porterville), Native Americans (Anchorage) and Pacific Islanders (Honolulu). In addition to adding these sites, the UCLA-CORN has utilized the infrastructure support to successfully increase accrual to all breast cancer clinical trials. This impact on accrual is demonstrated in Figure 1:



**UCLA Network Breast Cancer Accrual** 

Currently, 477 breast cancer patients are actively participating in clinical trials in the UCLA-CORN. These studies currently include:

Hope 2002)

(Data Presented at Era of

Title	Principal Investigator
Clinical Protocol for Evaluation of the Bayer Immuno 1 Her-2/neu Assay and the Oncogenes Science Microtiter ELISA Her-2/neu Assay for use in the Management of Patients with Breast Cancer on Herceptin Therapy.	Dennis Slamon, MD
Phase III A Multicenter Randomized Trial Comparing Doxorubicin and Cyclophosphamide Followed by Docetaxel with Doxorubicin and Cyclophosphamide Followed by Docetaxel and Trastuzumab and with Docetaxel, Platinum Salt and Trastuzumab in the Adjuvant Treatment of Node Positive and High Risk Node Negative Patients with Operable Breast Cancer Containing the HER-2/neu Alteration.	Linnea Chap, MD

Phase III A Multicenter Randomized Trial Comparing Docetaxel and Trastuzumab with Docetaxel Patinum Salt (Cisplatin or Carboplatin) and Transtuzumab as Fisrt Line Chemotherapy for Patients with Advanced Breast Cancer Containing the HER2 Gene Amplification.	Linnea Chap, MD
Phase I/II Study of Herceptin Combined with OSI-774 in the Fisrt-Line Treatment of Metastatic Breast Cancer Associated with HER2/neu Overexpression.	Carolyn Britten, MD
A Randomized Phase III Study of Capecitabine +/- Avastin in Patients with Metastatic Breast Cancer	Farooz Kabbinavar, MD and Linnea Chap, MD
Phase I/II Combined Biologic Therapy of Breast Cancer Using Monoclonal Antibodies Directed Against the Her-2/Neu Proto-Oncogene Product and Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor	Mark Pegram, MD
Low Fat, Fish Oil Supplemented Diets to Prevent Breast Cancer	John A. Glaspy, MD

**Summary** Since the initiation of this infrastructure award, we have made substantial progress toward achieving the program's goals. Specific accomplishments include: 1) the forging and exploitation of productive interactions between academic researchers and the pharmaceutical industry, 2) the initiation of additional translational research studies focused on the breast cancer problem, 3) the opening of additional sites to enhance access to women from under-represented populations, and 4) enhanced overall accrual to clinical trials in breast cancer.

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